



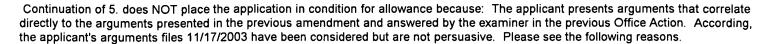
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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/409,627	09/30/1999	ERIC K. MANN	042390.P7092	5654	
75	7590 12/18/2003		EXAMINER		
ALOYSIUS T C AUYEUNG BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN LLP			PARTON, KEVIN S		
12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
7TH FLOOR			2153	17	
LOS ANGELES	S, CA 90025		DATE MAILED: 12/18/2003	2/18/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	~
Advisory Action	09/409,627	MANN ET AL.	9
•	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Kevin Parton	2153	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress
THE REPLY FILED 17 November 2003 FAILS TO PL Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of App Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	avoid abandonment of this appli (1) a timely filed amendment wh	cation. A proper repict ich places the application	oly to a cation in
PERIOD FOR F	REPLY [check either a) or b)]		
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WA 706.07(f).	dvisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of	of the final rejection.	
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The chave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extending 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shorten (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ension and the corresponding amount of the ed statutory period for reply originally set in	e fee. The appropriate ext the final Office action; or	tension fee under (2) as set forth in
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellar 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 C			
2. \square The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered	because:		
(a) they raise new issues that would require furt	ther consideration and/or search	(see NOTE below);	
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note	e below);		
(c) they are not deemed to place the application issues for appeal; and/or	n in better form for appeal by ma	terially reducing or s	simplifying the
(d) they present additional claims without cance	eling a corresponding number of	finally rejected clair	ms.
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following reju	ection(s):		
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) wou canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	ld be allowable if submitted in a	separate, timely file	d amendment
5. ☑ The a) ☐ affidavit, b) ☐ exhibit, or c) ☑ request application in condition for allowance because:		sidered but does NO	OT place the
 The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered by raised by the Examiner in the final rejection. 	•	to issues which we	ere newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendme explanation of how the new or amended claims			and an
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follow	S:		
Claim(s) allowed:			
Claim(s) objected to:			
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-24</u> .			
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:			
8. The drawing correction filed on is a) a	oproved or b) disapproved by	the Examiner.	
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statem			_
10. Other:		SUPERVISORY PATEN TECHNOLOGY CEN	11 EXMINITED



The applicant argues "Reichmeyer does not disclose dynamically obtaining configuration data from a remote alert proxy using the at least one obtained alert detection parameter" (page 2, paragraph 4). The argument is not persuasive because the reference to Reichmeyer et al. (USPN 6,286,038) is not relied upon to provide all of these functions. As clearly shown in the previous Office Action, Reichmeyer et al. (USPN 6,286,038) in combination with Hunter renders the current claims obvious.

The applicant further argues that "Hunter does not disclose dynamically obtaining configuration data from a remote alert proxy using the at least one obtained alert detection parameter" (page 3, paragraph 1). Again, the argument is not persuasive because the Huinter reference is never used to show this entire functionality. hunter shows the obtaining of alert detection parameters from a first server. This is combination with the reference to Reichmeyer et al. (USPN 6,286,038) renders the current claims obvious as shown in the previous Office Action.

The applicant further argues "Cromer does not disclose dynamically obtaining configuration data from a remote alert proxy using the at least one obtained alert detection parameter" (page 4, paragraph 2), the argument is not persuasive for the same reasons shown above. Please note that in the previous Office action, Cromer is not relied upon to show any of these limitations. These limitations are rendered obvious by the combination of Reichmeyer et al. (USPN 6,286,038) and Hunter.

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).